M. M. Kamel ${ }^{1 *}$, A. K. El-Ansary ${ }^{1}$, Y. R. Milad ${ }^{2}$

# DESIGN, SYNTHESIS, AND CYTOTOXICITY OF PYRIDINE, PYRAZOLE, AND THIAZOLE DERIVATIVES DERIVED FROM N-ALKYL-4,5,6,7-TETRAHYDRO-1-BENZOTHIOPHENE 


#### Abstract

The reaction of 4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1-benzothiophene derivatives with ethyl acetoacetate gave oxobutanamide derivatives. The reactivity of these products towards some chemical reagents was studied to afford new heterocyclic derivatives. The cytotoxicity of the newly synthesized compounds was evaluated against three human tumor cells lines and three normal cell lines. The results showed that some of these compounds exhibit high inhibitory effects towards the three tumor cell lines and the normal cell lines.


Keywords: pyridine, tetrahydro-1-benzothiophene, thiazole, thiophene, cytotoxocity.
Aromatic thiophenes are the most promising small-molecule selective protein kinase inhibitors [1-4]. Recently [5], a tricyclic compound tetrahydro-1-benzo-thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine was identified as an initial hit with an enzyme inhibition $\mathrm{IC}_{50} 2.6 \mu \mathrm{M}$.


In recent years, thiophenes and their fused derivatives showed promising results as anticancer agents [6-9]. Moreover, Mohareb et al. [10] reported that 2-acyl-amino-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1-benzothiophene derivatives were tested against three human tumor cells lines, namely, breast adenocarcinoma (MCF-7), non-small cell lung cancer (NCI-H460) and human glioblastoma (SF-268). The results showed that most of the tested compounds exhibit high inhibitory effects towards all three tumor cell lines. To our knowledge, some research has been done on the variation of substitution at the positions 2 and 3 of the tetrahydro-1-benzothiophene nucleus [8, 11-13]. In the light of these observations, our efforts towards drug discovery prompted us to design, synthesize, and evaluate the cytotoxocity of some new tetrahydro-1-benzothiophene derivatives. In the present work, a new series of thiophene derivatives have been synthesized by incorporation of a variety of ring systems such as pyridine, thiazole and thiophene at position 2 of the benzothiophene ring and either cyano or ethyl carboxylate group at position 3. The newly synthesized products have been evaluated as to their antitumor activity against three cancer cell lines mentioned above. Some of them were tested for activity towards human normal cell lines. The comparison between the activity of the newly synthesized thiophene derivatives towards tumor and normal cell lines will direct the future research towards the synthesis of good anticancer agents.

In an attempt to obtain an antitumor agent with high activity, the substitution pattern at positions 2 and 3 of the thiophene pharmacophore was selected in order to alter the electronic environment and thus affect the lipophilicity of the target molecules. Our aim was the acylation of the 2 -amino groups in the known tetra-hydro-1-benzothiophene nucleus 1a,b and the introduction 1,3-dicarbonyl [14], $\alpha, \beta$-unsaturated carbonyl groups [15], a nitrogen- or sulfur-containing heterocyclic ring [16] that are known to contribute to the enhancement of antitumor activity. The incorporation of a heterocyclic ring at position 2 of the thiophene pharmacofore was of great importance in order to increase the lipophilicity and thus radically modify the bioavailability and efficacy of the synthesized compounds. Therefore, in the present work we want to provide a comparison between some previously reported [17-20] tetrahydro-1-benzothiophenes 1a-e and our newly synthesized compounds derived from the synthons 1a,b.

In the present work we are considering the reported thiophene derivatives 1a-e where antitumor reactivity will be compared to the newly synthesized compounds derived from the acylated derivatives of synthons $\mathbf{1 a}, \mathbf{b}$.


Thus, the reaction of compounds $\mathbf{1 a}, \mathbf{b}$ with ethyl acetoacetate at $140^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ afforded the $N$-acyl derivatives 2a,b, respectively. The structures of these and other synthesized compounds were assigned on the basis of their analytical and spectral data (Tables 1 and 2). Thus, the ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectrum of compound 2a showed signals for all of the aliphatic groups and a singlet $\left(\mathrm{D}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right.$ exchangeable) at 11.57 ppm corresponding to the NH group.


The reactivity of compounds $\mathbf{2 a}, \mathbf{b}$ towards different electrophilic reagents was studied to form benzylidene, hydrazo, pyridine, and thiophene derivatives with a view of investigating their biological activity. Thus, the reaction with benzaldehyde or salicylaldehyde gave the corresponding arylidene derivatives $\mathbf{3 a}, \mathbf{b}$ and $\mathbf{4}$, respectively.


3a, $\mathbf{4 R}=\mathrm{CN}, \mathbf{3 b} \mathrm{R}=\mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{Et}$; 3a,b $\mathrm{R}^{1}=\mathrm{H} ; \mathbf{4} \mathrm{R}^{1}=\mathrm{OH}$

The reaction of compounds $\mathbf{2 a}$ or $\mathbf{2 b}$ with aromatic diazonium salts $\mathbf{5 a - c}$ gave arylhydrazo derivatives $\mathbf{6 a - f}$. The analytical and spectral data of the latter products were consistent with the proposed structures.

The reactivity of compounds $\mathbf{2 a}, \mathbf{b}$ towards formation of hydrazide-hydrazone derivatives was studied on the example of the reaction with cyanoacetylhydrazine which gave hydrazones 7a,b. The ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra were the basis of the structure elucidation of hydrazones $\mathbf{7 a}, \mathbf{b}$. Thus, the ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectrum of compound $7 \mathbf{7 a}$ showed signals of all expected aliphatic groups and two singlets $\left(\mathrm{D}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right.$ exchangeable) at 10.18 and 11.01 ppm for the two NH groups.

$\mathbf{6 a - c}, 7 \mathbf{a} R=\mathrm{CN}, \mathbf{6 d - f}, 7 \mathbf{b} \mathrm{R}=\mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{Et} ; \mathbf{5 a}, \mathbf{6 a}, \mathbf{d} \mathrm{R}^{1}=\mathrm{H} ; \mathbf{5 b}, \mathbf{6 b}, \mathbf{e} \mathrm{R}^{1}=\mathrm{Me} ; \mathbf{5 c}, \mathbf{6 c}, \mathbf{f} \mathrm{R}^{1}=\mathrm{Cl}$
Next, we moved towards studying the reactivity of compounds $\mathbf{2 a}, \mathbf{b}$ towards active methylene reagents at different conditions. Thus, the reaction of compound $\mathbf{2 a}$ with either malononitrile (8a) or ethyl cyanoacetate (8b) in 1,4-dioxane in the presence of triethylamine afforded pyridine derivatives $\mathbf{9 a}, \mathbf{b}$, respectively [21]. The ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectrum of compound 9a showed beside the expected signals of the cyclohexene moiety, a singlet at 2.77 ppm corresponding to the $\mathrm{CH}_{3}$ group, a singlet at 3.34 ppm ( $\mathrm{D}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ exchangeable) for one $\mathrm{NH}_{2}$ group and a singlet at 6.01 ppm corresponding to the pyridine H-3. Similarly, the reaction between compounds $\mathbf{2 b}$ and $\mathbf{8 a}$ in 1,4dioxane $/ \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ solution gave the pyridine derivative $9 \mathbf{c}$. On the other hand, carrying the same reactions of compound $2 \mathbf{a}$ with compounds $\mathbf{8 a}, \mathbf{b}$, but in the presence of ammonium acetate in an oil bath at $120^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ gave the Knoevenagel condensation products 10a,b. The analytical and spectral data of the latter products were in agreement with their respective structures (Tables 1, 2).


9a,b, 10a,b $R=C N ; 9 \mathbf{c}=\mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{Et} ; \mathbf{8}, \mathbf{9}, \mathbf{1 0} \mathbf{a} \mathrm{R}^{1}=\mathrm{CN} ; \mathbf{8}, \mathbf{9}, 10 \mathbf{b}^{1}=\mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{Et} ; \mathbf{9 c} \mathrm{R}^{1}=\mathrm{CN}$

Table 1
Physicochemical characteristics of the synthesized compounds

| Compound | Empirical formula | $\begin{gathered} \text { Found, \% } \\ \text { Calculated, \% } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | $\mathrm{Mp} *$, ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Yield, \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | C | H | N | S |  |  |
| 2a | $\mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{14} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ | 59.60 | $\underline{5.60}$ | 10.59 | $\underline{11.89}$ | 217-219 | 78 |
|  |  | 59.52 | 5.38 | 10.68 | 12.22 |  |  |
| 2b | $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{NO}_{4} \mathrm{~S}$ | $\underline{58.02}$ | $\underline{5.35}$ | $\underline{4.73}$ | $\underline{10.14}$ | 210-212 | 66 |
|  |  | 58.23 | 6.19 | 4.53 | 10.36 |  |  |
| 3 a | $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{18} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ | $\underline{68.38}$ | $\underline{5.44}$ | $\underline{8.28}$ | $\underline{8.84}$ | 144-145 | 70 |
|  |  | 68.55 | 5.18 | 7.99 | 9.15 |  |  |
| 3b | $\mathrm{C}_{22} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{NO}_{4} \mathrm{~S}$ | $\underline{66.44}$ | $\underline{6.07}$ | 3.82 | $\underline{7.71}$ | 138-139 | 83 |
|  |  | 66.48 | 5.83 | 3.52 | 8.07 |  |  |
| 4 | $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{18} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{~S}$ | $\underline{65.37}$ | $\underline{5.17}$ | $\underline{7.93}$ | $\underline{9.16}$ | 189-190 | 62 |
|  |  | 65.55 | 4.95 | 7.64 | 8.75 |  |  |
| 6 a | $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{18} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ | $\underline{61.99}$ | $\underline{5.12}$ | $\underline{14.84}$ | $\underline{9.05}$ | 170-171 | 77 |
|  |  | 62.28 | 4.95 | 15.29 | 8.75 |  |  |
| 6b | $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ | $\underline{63.09}$ | $\underline{5.18}$ | $\underline{15.07}$ | $\underline{8.18}$ | 251-252 | 80 |
|  |  | 63.14 | 5.30 | 14.73 | 8.43 |  |  |
| 6c | $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{17} \mathrm{ClN}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ | 57.23 | $\underline{4.52}$ | $\underline{14.11}$ | $\underline{7.83}$ | 240-241 | 71 |
|  |  | 56.93 | 4.27 | 13.98 | 8.00 |  |  |
| 6d | $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~S}$ | $\underline{60.95}$ | $\underline{5.72}$ | $\underline{9.84}$ | 7.69 | 183-184 | 64 |
|  |  | 61.00 | 5.61 | 10.16 | 7.75 |  |  |
| 6 e | $\mathrm{C}_{22} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~S}$ | $\underline{61.74}$ | $\underline{6.01}$ | $\underline{10.02}$ | 7.09 | 100-102 | 60 |
|  |  | 61.81 | 5.89 | 9.83 | 7.50 |  |  |
| $6 f$ | $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{ClN}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~S}$ | $\underline{56.49}$ | $\underline{4.60}$ | $\underline{9.66}$ | $\underline{6.80}$ | 139-140 | 88 |
|  |  | 56.31 | 4.95 | 9.38 | 7.16 |  |  |
| 7 a | $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{17} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ | $\underline{56.21}$ | $\underline{5.12}$ | 19.92 | $\underline{9.26}$ | 222-223 | 87 |
|  |  | 55.96 | 4.99 | 20.39 | 9.34 |  |  |
| 7b | $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~S}$ | 55.64 | $\underline{5.89}$ | $\underline{14.15}$ | $\underline{8.52}$ | 120-121 | 79 |
|  |  | 55.37 | 5.68 | 14.35 | 8.21 |  |  |
| 9a | $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{14} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{OS}$ | $\underline{61.69}$ | $\underline{4.67}$ | $\underline{17.83}$ | $\underline{10.11}$ | 268-269 | 58 |
|  |  | 61.92 | 4.55 | 18.05 | $\overline{10.33}$ |  |  |
| 9b | $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{~S}$ | $\underline{60.34}$ | $\underline{5.38}$ | $\underline{12.04}$ | $\underline{8.68}$ | 110-111 | 70 |
|  |  | 60.49 | 5.36 | 11.76 | 8.97 |  |  |
| 9c | $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{~S}$ | $\underline{60.72}$ | $\underline{5.66}$ | $\underline{12.06}$ | $\underline{8.62}$ | 133-134 | 76 |
|  |  | 60.49 | 5.36 | $\overline{11.76}$ | 8.97 |  |  |
| 10a | $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{14} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{OS}$ | $\underline{61.44}$ | $\underline{4.83}$ | $\underline{17.88}$ | $\underline{10.01}$ | 280-283 | 75 |
|  |  | 61.92 | 4.55 | 18.05 | $\underline{10.33}$ |  |  |
| 10b | $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{~S}$ | $\underline{60.34}$ | $\underline{5.38}$ | $\underline{12.04}$ | $\underline{9.36}$ | 184-185 | 59 |
|  |  | 60.49 | 5.36 | 11.76 | 8.97 |  |  |
| 11a | $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{18} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ | $\underline{66.02}$ | $\underline{5.84}$ | $\underline{8.69}$ | $\underline{10.27}$ | 216-217 | 62 |
|  |  | 66.23 | 5.55 | 8.58 | 9.82 |  |  |
| 11b | $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{NO}_{4} \mathrm{~S}$ | $\underline{64.01}$ | $\underline{6.49}$ | $\underline{3.49}$ | $\underline{8.82}$ | 180-181 | 70 |
|  |  | 64.32 | 6.21 | 3.75 | 8.59 |  |  |
| 15 | $\mathrm{C}_{22} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{~S}_{2}$ | $\underline{59.28}$ | $\underline{5.19}$ | $\underline{9.52}$ | $\underline{14.52}$ | 200-201 | 77 |
|  |  | 60.39 | 4.38 | 9.60 | 14.66 |  |  |
| 16a | $\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{2}$ | $\underline{62.02}$ | $\underline{5.08}$ | $\underline{9.92}$ | 14.41 | 277-278 | 80 |
|  |  | 63.42 | 4.86 | 9.65 | 14.72 |  |  |
| 16b | $\mathrm{C}_{26} \mathrm{H}_{28} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{~S}_{2}$ | $\underline{60.73}$ | 5.29 | $\underline{5.05}$ | $\underline{12.92}$ | 170-171 | 80 |
|  |  | 60.92 | 5.51 | 5.46 | 12.51 |  |  |
| 16c | $\mathrm{C}_{30} \mathrm{H}_{28} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~S}_{2}$ | $\underline{65.88}$ | $\underline{5.15}$ | $\underline{4.99}$ | $\underline{12.04}$ | 220-221 | 60 |
|  |  | 66.15 | $\stackrel{5.18}{ }$ | 5.14 | 11.77 |  |  |
| 16d | $\mathrm{C}_{25} \mathrm{H}_{26} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~S}_{2}$ | $\underline{62.16}$ | $\underline{5.67}$ | $\underline{6.29}$ | $\underline{12.93}$ | 160-161 | 74 |
|  |  | 62.22 | 5.43 | 5.80 | $\overline{13.29}$ |  |  |

[^0]The reaction of either compound $\mathbf{2 a}$ or $\mathbf{2 b}$ with acetylacetone gave the pyridine derivatives 11a and 11b, respectively. The ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectrum of compound 11a showed three singlets at $2.41,2.63$, and 3.59 ppm corresponding to the three $\mathrm{CH}_{3}$ groups and a singlet at 6.91 ppm indicating the presence of the pyridine $\mathrm{H}-5$ atom.


It has been reported [22-24] that the reaction of active methylene reagents with phenylisothiocyanate in basic dimethylformamide gives intermediate potassium sulfide salts which undergo heterocyclization with $\alpha$-halocarbonyl compounds to give either thiophene or thiazole derivatives, depending on the reaction conditions or the nature of the $\alpha$-halocarbonyl compound. In a similar way, we expected the reaction of either compound $\mathbf{2 a}$ or $\mathbf{2 b}$ with phenylisothiocyanate in DMF/KOH solution to give the salts $\mathbf{1 2 a}, \mathbf{b}$ that would further react with the $\alpha$-halocarbonyl derivatives 13a-c to yield intermediate thioether derivatives of the type 14a-e [23]. The reaction of compound 2a with phenylisothiocyanate, and further with ester 13a produced the thiazole derivative 15 . The ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectrum of compound 15 showed, beside the expected $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ and Ph group signals, a singlet at 2.72 ppm for the $\mathrm{CH}_{3}$ group, a singlet at 5.61 ppm indicating the presence of the thiazole $\mathrm{H}-5$ proton, and two singlets at 10.22 and 11.30 ppm corresponding to the NH and OH groups, respectively. Formation of the thiazole ring of compound 15 most likely took place via ethanol elimination from the intermediate 14 a due to the presence of the good ethoxy leaving group. On the other hand, the reaction of either nitrile 2a with chloroacetone (13c) or ester $\mathbf{2 b}$ with $\alpha$-halocarbonyl compounds 13a-c afforded the thiophene derivatives $16 \mathbf{a}-\mathbf{d}$ which were formed via water elimination from the intermediates 14b-e.


12a, 14a,b, 16a $\mathrm{R}=\mathrm{CN} ; \mathbf{1 2 b}, \mathbf{1 4 c}-\mathbf{e}, \mathbf{1 6 b}-\mathbf{d} \mathrm{R}=\mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{Et}$; 13a, 14a,c, 16b $\mathrm{R}^{1}=\mathrm{OEt}$; 13b, 14d, 16c $\mathrm{R}^{1}=\mathrm{Ph} ; 13 \mathbf{c}, 14 b, e, 16 a, \mathrm{~d}^{1}=\mathrm{Me} ; 13 \mathbf{a}, \mathbf{c} \mathrm{X}=\mathrm{Cl}$; $\mathbf{b} \mathrm{X}=\mathrm{Br}$

| Compound | IR spectrum, v , $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ | ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectrum ( ${ }^{\text {DMSO-d }}$ ( ${ }_{6}$ ), $\delta$, ppm ( $\mathrm{J}, \mathrm{Hz}$ ) | MS, m/z ( $\mathrm{Irel}^{\text {rel }}$ \%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2a | $\begin{aligned} & 3445-3224(\mathrm{NH}) ; 2936,2850\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; \\ & 2217(\mathrm{CN}) ; 1699-1690(\mathrm{CO}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.74-1.79\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.44-2.47\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 3.31\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 3.76\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; \\ & 11.57(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{NH}) \end{aligned}$ | $262[\mathrm{M}]^{+}(15), 163$ (100) |
| 2 b | $\begin{aligned} & 3433-3270(\mathrm{NH}) ; 2928,2850\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; \\ & 1688-1644(\mathrm{CO}) \end{aligned}$ | $1.26\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=7.0, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 1.68-1.71\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.24-2.28\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 3.32(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 3.85\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 4.24\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{q}, J=7.0, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 10.30(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH})$ | $309[\mathrm{M}]^{+}(15), 210$ (100) |
| 3a | $\begin{aligned} & 3435-3370(\mathrm{NH}) ; 2932,2850\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; \\ & 1688-1646(\mathrm{CO}) \end{aligned}$ | $1.70-1.73\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.42-2.48\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 3.02\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 6.91(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}) ;$ $7.21-7.57(5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{H} \mathrm{Ph}) ; 11.80(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH})$ | $350[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$(7), 146 (100) |
| 3b | $3428-3278(\mathrm{NH}) ; 2928\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 1690-1641$ $(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$ | $1.23\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=6.7, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 1.77-1.80\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.58-2.61\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.69(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ); $4.25\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{q}, \mathrm{J}=6.7, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 5.24(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}) ; 7.02-7.30(5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{H} \mathrm{Ph}) ; 10.81(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH})$ | 397 [M] ${ }^{+}$(18), 146 (100) |
| 4 | 3580-3320 (OH, NH); 3054 (CH Ar); 2932, $2864\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2214$ (CN); $1680-$ 1666 (CO) | $1.79-1.83\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.52-2.56\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.71\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 6.91(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}) ;$ 7.28-7.81 ( $4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{H} \mathrm{Ar}$ ); $8.80(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}) ; 11.47(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{OH})$ | $366[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$(7), 162 (100) |
| 6a | $\begin{aligned} & 3738-3437(\mathrm{NH}) ; 3005(\mathrm{CH} \mathrm{Ar}) ; 2936, \\ & 2856\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2207(\mathrm{CN}) ; 1688-1646 \\ & (\mathrm{CO}) ; 1509(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}) \end{aligned}$ | $1.76-1.80\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.50-2.54\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 3.30\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 7.23-7.62(5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{~m},$ $\mathrm{H} \operatorname{Ph}) ; 12.13(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{NH}) ; 12.79(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{NH})$ | $366[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$(35), 189 (100) |
| 6b | $\begin{aligned} & 3520-3422(\mathrm{NH}) ; 3021(\mathrm{CH} \mathrm{Ar}) ; 2929 \\ & \left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 2210(\mathrm{CN}) ; 1688-1683(\mathrm{CO}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.77-1.80\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 1.93\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 2.49-2.53\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 3.17\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; \\ & 7.22-7.48(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{~m}, \mathrm{H} \mathrm{Ar}) ; 10.13(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{NH}) ; 10.22(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{NH}) \end{aligned}$ | $380[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$(63), 91 (100) |
| 6c | $\begin{aligned} & 3560-3433(\mathrm{NH}) ; 3087(\mathrm{CH} \mathrm{Ar}) ; 2938 \\ & \left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 2215(\mathrm{CN}) ; 1720-1694(\mathrm{CO}) \end{aligned}$ | 1.77-1.81 ( $4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ); 2.49-2.54 (4H, m, $2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ); $3.74\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 7.48-7.65(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}$, H Ar); 10.47 ( $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}$ ); 10.63 ( $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}$ ) | $400[\mathrm{M}]^{+}(48), 223(100)$ |
| 6d | $\begin{aligned} & 3520-3420(\mathrm{NH}) ; 3092(\mathrm{CH} \mathrm{Ar}) ; 1688- \\ & 1677(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}) \end{aligned}$ | $1.25\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=6.9, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 1.72-1.76\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.45-2.49\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.72(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 4.27\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{q}, J=6.9, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 7.45-7.61(5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{H} \mathrm{Ph}) ; 10.26(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}) ; 10.29(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}$, NH) | $413[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$(55), 189 (100) |
| 6 e | $\begin{aligned} & 3520-3433(\mathrm{NH}) ; 3089(\mathrm{CH} \mathrm{Ar}) ; 2930 \\ & \left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 1690-1665(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}) \end{aligned}$ | $1.28\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=7.1, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 1.72-1.78\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.38-2.42\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.50(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 2.61\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 4.35\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{q}, J=7.1, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 7.23-7.47(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{H} \mathrm{Ar}) ; 11.20(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}$, $\mathrm{NH})$; 12.01 ( $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}$ ) | $427[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$(46), 91 (100) |
| 6 f | $\begin{aligned} & 3520-3424(\mathrm{NH}) ; 3092(\mathrm{CH} \mathrm{Ar}) ; 2933 \\ & \left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 1689-1677(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}) \end{aligned}$ | $1.25\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=6.2, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 1.72-1.76\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.45-2.49\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.55(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 4.26\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{q}, J=6.2, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 7.45-7.61(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{H} \mathrm{Ar}) ; 10.23(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}) ; 10.82(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}$, NH) | 447 [M] ${ }^{+}$(22), 223 (100) |
| 7 a | $\begin{aligned} & 3434-3263(\mathrm{NH}) ; 3088(\mathrm{CH} \mathrm{Ar}) ; 2930 \\ & \left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 2216(\mathrm{CN}) ; 1686-1680(\mathrm{CO}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.81-1.85\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.54-2.57\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 3.34\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 3.41\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; \\ & 3.74\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 10.18(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{NH}) ; 11.01(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{NH}) \end{aligned}$ | $343[\mathrm{M}]^{+}(11), 177$ (100) |

3404, 3297 (NH); 2933, $2852\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$; 1690-1656, 1705 (C=O) 3458-3334 ( $\mathrm{NH}_{2}$ ) ; 2932-2852 ( CH $\begin{array}{llll}345-3334 \\ \left.\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2220,2204(\mathrm{CN}) ; 1688(\mathrm{CO}) ; 1648 & 6.01(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{H}-5 \mathrm{Py})\end{array}$ (C=C)

3741-3221 ( $\mathrm{NH}_{2}$ ); 3088 (CH Py); 2933 $2854\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2213$ (CN); 1687, 1800 (CO)

3734, $3343\left(\mathrm{NH}_{2}\right) ; 2933\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 2216$ (CN); 1705, 1685 (CO); 1650 (C=C) 3418 (NH); 3051 (CH Ar); 2923, 2851 $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2225-2202(\mathrm{CN}) ; 1680(\mathrm{CO})$ 3488-3428 (NH); 2993, $2932\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$; 2217, 2222 (CN); 1725, 1681 (CO); 1655 ( $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}$ ) N); 1678, 1655 (CO) 1687 (CH Ar); 2930, $2854\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$; 1687-1705 (CO)
3555-3438 (OH, NH); 3068 (CH Ar); 2931, $2850\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2213(\mathrm{CN}) ; 1696$, 1659 (CO)
3457-3330(NH); 2993, $2930\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$; 2201 (CN); 1646-1705 (CO)
3429-3229 (NH); $2929\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 1690-1662$ ( $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ )

3430-3255 (NH); 3050 (CH Ar); 2930 $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 1687-1665(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$

3550-3432 (NH); 3071 (CH Ar); 2927 $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 1680-1665(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$
$1.33\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=6.0, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 1.74-1.79\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.50-2.53\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.95(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}$ $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 3.93\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}_{2}\right) ; 4.27\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{q}, J=6.0, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 6.98(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{H}-5 \mathrm{Py})$
$1.22\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=6.1, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 1.70-1.75\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.55-2.59\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.59(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}$ $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 3.40\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}_{2}\right) ; 4.32\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{q}, J=6.1, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 6.26(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{H}-5 \mathrm{Py})$
$1.76-1.81\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 1.90\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 2.50-2.56\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 5.98\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$; $8.58(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH})$
$1.39\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=6.8, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 1.74-1.78\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.50\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 2.52-2.56(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}$ $\left.2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 3.98\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 4.20\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{q}, \mathrm{J}=6.8, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 11.82(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH})$
$1.57-1.59\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.41\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 2.58-2.61\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.63\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;$ $3.59\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 6.91(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{H}-5 \mathrm{Py})$
$1.28\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t}, J=7.1, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 1.70-1.78\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.46-2.48\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.50(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 2.65\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 3.34\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 4.27\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{q}, J=7.1, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 7.26(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{H}-5 \mathrm{Py})$
$1.23\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=7.2, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 1.71-1.75\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.50-2.55\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.69(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 3.11\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 3.14\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 4.24\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{q}, \mathrm{J}=7.2, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 10.92(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}) ;$ $11.22(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH})$
$1.58-1.62\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.58-2.63\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.72\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 5.61(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{H}-5$ thiazole); 7.05-7.57 (5H, m, H Ph); $10.22(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}) ; 11.30(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{OH})$
1.77-1.80 $\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.22\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 2.58-2.62\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 3.14\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ 7.01-7.40 (5H, m, H Ph); 10.05 ( $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}$ ); $12.02(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH})$
$1.22\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t}, J=7.3, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 1.29\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t}, J=6.6, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 1.71-1.73\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.47-2.49$ $\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.50\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 4.19\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{q}, J=7.3, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 4.32\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{q}, J=6.6, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$; $7.31-7.61(5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{H} \mathrm{Ph}), 10.20(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}) ; 10.34(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH})$
$1.36\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t}, J=6.1, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 1.70-1.75\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.48-2.53\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.65(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 4.17\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{q}, J=6.1, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 7.09-7.68(10 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{H} \mathrm{Ph}) ; 10.25(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}) ; 11.58(1 \mathrm{H}$, s, NH)
$1.30\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=5.9, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 1.72-1.75\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.42-2.48\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 2.88(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 3.30\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; 4.20\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{q}, J=5.9, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 7.09-7.42(5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{H} \mathrm{Ph}) ; 10.06(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}$, $\mathrm{NH}) ; 11.55(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH})$
$390[\mathrm{M}]^{+}(30), 224$ (100) $310[\mathrm{M}]^{+}(25), 148$ (100)
$357[\mathrm{M}]^{+}(5), 148(100)$

357 [M] ${ }^{+}$(16), 148 (100)
$310[\mathrm{M}]^{+}(9), 177(100)$
357 [M] ${ }^{+}$(16), 224 (100)
$326[\mathrm{M}]^{+}(40), 164$ (100)
$373[\mathrm{M}]^{+}(60), 164$ (100)
$437[\mathrm{M}]^{+}(3), 260(100)$
$435[\mathrm{M}]^{+}(2), 258(100)$
$512[\mathrm{M}]^{+}(33), 288(100)$
$544[\mathrm{M}]^{+}(20), 105$ (100)
$482[\mathrm{M}]^{+}$(22), 258 (100)

A concurrent formation of thiazoles of the type 15 and thiophenes of the type 16ad has been also reported in literature [25]. It is important to note that in such reaction, although the same reagent ethyl chloroacetate (12a) was used, thiazole derivative 15 and thiophene derivative 16a were alternatively formed. Such findings are complementary to those reported earlier [26].

All synthesized compounds $\mathbf{2} \mathbf{- 1 6}$ were evaluated for their capacity to inhibit the in vitro growth of breast adenocarcinoma (MCF-7), non-small cell lung cancer (NCI-H460) and human glioblastoma cells (SF-268) cell lines, after 48 h continuous exposure (Table 3). The 'In vitro Anticancer Drug Discovery Screen', a procedure adopted by the National Cancer Institute (NCI, USA), was employed that uses the protein-binding dye sulforhodamine B to assess cell growth [27]. The dose-response curves were obtained and, in each case, the concentration of the compound that inhibits $50 \%$ of the net cell growth $\left(\mathrm{IC}_{50}\right)$ was calculated [27]. The above mentioned three cancer cell lines were selected as our compounds are electron-rich systems substituted with electronegative groups and many reports from previous work [2831 ] used such cell lines together with the use of doxorubicin which was showed to be the best positive control against these three cell lines.

Table 3
Effect of the synthesized compounds on the growth of human tumor cell lines

| Compound | Inhibitory concentration $\mathrm{IC}_{50}, \mu \mathrm{M}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | MCF-7 | NCI-H460 | SF-268 |
| 1b | $20.0 \pm 2.2$ | $26.3 \pm 2.4$ | $24 \pm 4.6$ |
| 1c | $26.2 \pm 2.9$ | $24.8 \pm 4.6$ | $28.2 \pm 12.6$ |
| 1d | $34.2 \pm 12.6$ | $33.7 \pm 6.6$ | $44.2 \pm 8.2$ |
| 1e | $22.2 \pm 4.5$ | $22.8 \pm 4.2$ | $18.0 \pm 4.4$ |
| 2a | $10.0 \pm 0.6$ | $8.4 \pm 2.4$ | $8.8 \pm 4.8$ |
| 2b | $8.0 \pm 4.2$ | $6.3 \pm 2.6$ | $8.0 \pm 1.8$ |
| 3a | $0.2 \pm 0.09$ | $0.8 \pm 0.08$ | $0.2 \pm 0.06$ |
| 3b | $30.2 \pm 10.9$ | $22.7 \pm 2.8$ | $40.2 \pm 6.0$ |
| 4 | $0.02 \pm 0.0$ | $0.08 \pm 0.01$ | $0.06 \pm 0.02$ |
| 6a | $2.2 \pm 0.8$ | $4.6 \pm 0.4$ | $1.2 \pm 0.8$ |
| 6b | $30.0 \pm 2.5$ | $22.0 \pm 4.6$ | $18.5 \pm 2.8$ |
| 6c | $10.0 \pm 0.8$ | $8.3 \pm 2.8$ | $16.5 \pm 4.0$ |
| 6d | $30.4 \pm 2.8$ | $20.1 \pm 4.6$ | $36.3 \pm 4.5$ |
| 6e | $0.01 \pm 0.008$ | $0.01 \pm 0.006$ | $0.08 \pm 0.08$ |
| 6f | $77.8 \pm 10.0$ | $64.2 \pm 8.4$ | $70.2 \pm 12.6$ |
| 7a | $0.4 \pm 0.1$ | $0.2 \pm 0.01$ | $0.1 \pm 0.02$ |
| 7b | $14.2 \pm 8.2$ | $10.0 \pm 2.6$ | $10.2 \pm 4.8$ |
| 9a | $4.2 \pm 0.8$ | $2.6 \pm 0.4$ | $4.2 \pm 1.8$ |
| 9b | $32.0 \pm 2.5$ | $24.0 \pm 4.6$ | $26.5 \pm 2.8$ |
| 9c | $0.01 \pm 0.008$ | $0.01 \pm 0.006$ | $0.08 \pm 0.08$ |
| 10a | $10.0 \pm 0.8$ | $8.3 \pm 2.8$ | $16.5 \pm 4.0$ |
| 10b | $44.4 \pm 6.8$ | $26.1 \pm 2.6$ | $34.3 \pm 2.5$ |
| 11a | $70.8 \pm 10.0$ | $66.2 \pm 8.4$ | $74.2 \pm 12.6$ |
| 11b | $10.2 \pm 8.2$ | $8.0 \pm 2.6$ | $6.2 \pm 2.8$ |
| 15 | $0.4 \pm 0.1$ | $0.2 \pm 0.01$ | $0.1 \pm 0.02$ |
| 16a | $20.4 \pm 2.8$ | $20.1 \pm 0.6$ | $36.3 \pm 0.5$ |
| 16b | $0.04 \pm 0.008$ | $0.02 \pm 0.006$ | $0.06 \pm 0.08$ |
| 16c | $30.8 \pm 10.0$ | $22.2 \pm 8.4$ | $12.2 \pm 4.6$ |
| 16d | $8.2 \pm 2.2$ | $6.0 \pm 1.6$ | $8.2 \pm 2.8$ |
| Doxorubicin | $0.04 \pm 0.008$ | $0.09 \pm 0.008$ | $0.09 \pm 0.007$ |
| $\mathbf{a b}$ |  |  |  |

Table 4
Effect of the obtained compounds on the growth of normal cell lines

| Com- <br> pound | Inhibitory concentration $\mathrm{IC}_{50}, \mu \mathrm{M}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | WI-38 | $\operatorname{PrEC}$ | NCM 460 |
| 2a | $3.11 \pm 0.08$ | $2.81 \pm 0.70$ | $4.21 \pm 1.12$ |
| 2b | $0.18 \pm 0.08$ | $0.67 \pm 0.02$ | $0.24 \pm 0.02$ |
| 3a | $0.14 \pm 0.006$ | $0.03 \pm 0.002$ | $0.04 \pm 0.006$ |
| 3b | $6.33 \pm 1.13$ | $4.42 \pm 0.9$ | $2.28 \pm 0.4$ |
| 4 | $0.06 \pm 0.003$ | $0.08 \pm 0.005$ | $0.01 \pm 0.004$ |
| $\mathbf{6 a}$ | $0.36 \pm 0.02$ | $0.22 \pm 0.02$ | $0.42 \pm 0.01$ |
| 6e | $0.18 \pm 0.03$ | $0.29 \pm 0.01$ | $0.49 \pm 0.004$ |
| 7a | $0.88 \pm 0.01$ | $1.33 \pm 0.09$ | $1.68 \pm 0.03$ |
| 9c | $0.18 \pm 0.04$ | $0.13 \pm 0.02$ | $0.28 \pm 0.01$ |
| 15 | $0.21 \pm 0.01$ | $0.38 \pm 0.05$ | $0.49 \pm 0.08$ |
| 16a | $3.47 \pm 0.28$ | $5.45 \pm 2.03$ | $5.09 \pm 1.74$ |
| 16b | $0.18 \pm 0.03$ | $0.17 \pm 0.04$ | $0.28 \pm 0.06$ |

Some selected compounds were also evaluated against three normal cell lines human fibroblast (WI-38), normal prostate epithelial cells (PrEC) and normal colon mucosal (NCM 460) cells. To further characterize the possible differential effects of the obtained compounds on tumor and normal cells, we compared cell viability (scored as membrane integrity by the trypan blue exclusion assay) [32] after the treatment with the synthesized compounds.

The normal PrEC cells showed minimal loss of viability up to at least $25 \mu \mathrm{M}$ of the tested compound (i.e. about $75 \times \mathrm{IC}_{50}$ ) even after a 24 h continuous treatment (Table 4). Other normal cell lines showed similar marginal decreases in cell viability.

The results show that all compounds were able to inhibit the growth of both human tumor and normal cell lines in a dose-dependent manner (Table 3, 4). Although in most cases the growth inhibiting effect was moderate, a more pronounced effect was found with compounds $\mathbf{3 a}, \mathbf{4}, \mathbf{6 e}, \mathbf{7 a}, \mathbf{9 c}, \mathbf{1 5}$, and $\mathbf{1 6 b}$ where such compounds showed the best results, exhibiting submicromolar inhibitory effect against the three tumor, but also against normal cell lines. Compounds $\mathbf{4 , 6 e}$ and 9c showed higher inhibitory effect towards the tumor cell lines than the reference control doxorubicin. However, only compound 7a showed selective inhibition of the tumor cell lines.

In summary, a series of new 2 -substituted 4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1-benzothiophene derivatives were synthesized, an in vitro cell viability assays were employed to investigate the inhibition effect of thirty one compound against three tumor cell lines, and eleven selected compounds were also evaluated against normal cell lines. It was found that some of the compounds achieved promising cytotoxicity with $\mathrm{IC}_{50}$ values lower than $5 \mu \mathrm{M}$ against some cancer cell lines.

## EXPERIMENTAL

IR spectra were recorded in KBr discs on a Pye Unicam SP-1000 spectrophotometer. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra were recorded on a Varian EM- 390 at 200 MHz in DMSO- $\mathrm{d}_{6}$ using TMS as internal standard. The mass spectra were recorded with Hewlett Packard 5988 A GC/MS system and GCMS-QP 1000 Ex Shimadzu instruments. Melting points were determined on an Electrothermal 9100 melting point apparatus and are uncorrected. Elemental analysis
data were obtained from the Microanalytical Data Unit at Cairo University, Giza, Egypt. Antitumor activity evaluation of the newly synthesized products was performed by a research group at the National Research Center (Medicinal Section) and the National Cancer Institute at Cairo University. Fetal bovine serum and L-glutamine were from Gibco Invitrogen Co. (Scotland, UK). RPMI-1640 medium was from Cambrex (New Jersey, NJ, USA). Dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO), doxorubicin, penicillin, streptomycin and sulfurhodamine B were from Sigma Chemical Co. (Saint Louis, MO, USA). Stock solutions of all compounds were prepared in DMSO and kept at $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Appropriate dilutions of the compounds were freshly prepared just prior to assays. Final concentrations of DMSO did not interfere with the cell growth. MCF-7 was obtained from the European Collection of Cell Cultures (ECACC, Salisbury, UK) and NCI-H460 and SF-268 were kindly provided by the National Cancer Institute (NCI, Cairo, Egypt). WI-38 and PrEC cells were purchased from the American Type Culture, NCM 460 cells were obtained from In Cell Corporation LLC. Gen-Probe kits were obtained from Clonetics.
$N$-(3-Cyano-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1-benzothiophen-2-yl)-3-oxobutanamide (2a) and ethyl 2-[(3-oxobutanoyl)amino]-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1-benzothiophen-3-carboxylate (2b) (General Method). Ethyl acetoacetate ( $13.0 \mathrm{~g}, 0.1 \mathrm{~mol}$ ) was heated to $140^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, then compound $\mathbf{1 a}(17.8 \mathrm{~g}, 0.1 \mathrm{~mol})$ or $\mathbf{1 b}(22.5 \mathrm{~g}, 0.1 \mathrm{~mol})$ was added with continuous heating until the temperature reached $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, and the whole reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 20 min , then left to cool. The formed solid product was triturated with ethanol and collected by filtration.

2-Benzylidene- $N$-(3-cyano-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1-benzothiophen-2-yl)-3-oxobutanamide (3a) and ethyl 2-(2-benzyliden-3-oxobutanamido)-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1-benzo-thiophen-3-carboxylate (3b) (General Method). To a solution of compound 2 a ( 2.62 g , $0.01 \mathrm{~mol})$ or $\mathbf{2 b}(3.09 \mathrm{~g}, 0.01 \mathrm{~mol})$ in 1,4-dioxane ( 40 ml ) containing piperidine ( 0.5 ml ), benzaldehyde ( $1.06 \mathrm{~g}, 0.01 \mathrm{~mol}$ ) was added. The reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 2 h , then poured onto ice/water containing few drops of hydrochloric acid to reach pH 6 . The solid product was collected by filtration.
$N$-(3-Cyano-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1-benzothiophen-2-yl)-2-(2-hydroxybenzylidene)-
3-oxobutanamide (4). To a solution of compound 2a ( $2.62 \mathrm{~g}, 0.01 \mathrm{~mol}$ ) in 1,4-dioxane $(40 \mathrm{ml})$ containing piperidine $(0.5 \mathrm{ml})$, salicylaldehyde $(1.22 \mathrm{~g}, 0.01 \mathrm{~mol})$ was added. The reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 3 h , then worked up as above.

2-(2-Arylhydrazinylidene)- N -(3-cyano-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1-benzothiophen-2-yl)-3oxobutanamides 6a-c and ethyl 2-[2-(2-arylhydrazinylidene)-3-oxobutanamido]-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1-benzothiophen-3-carboxylates 6d-f (General Method). To a cold $\left(0-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ solution of compound $2 \mathrm{a}(2.62 \mathrm{~g}, 0.01 \mathrm{~mol})$ or $\mathbf{2 b}(3.09 \mathrm{~g}, 0.01 \mathrm{~mol})$ in ethanol $(40 \mathrm{ml})$ containing $5 \%$ sodium hydroxide ( 5 ml ), solution of the appropriate diazonium salt $5 \mathbf{a}-\mathbf{c}(0.01 \mathrm{~mol})$, prepared by adding sodium nitrite solution $(0.70 \mathrm{~g}, 0.01 \mathrm{~mol})$ to a stirred cold solution of the appropriate aniline $(0.01 \mathrm{~mol})$ in concentrated hydrochloric acid $(20 \mathrm{ml})$, was added with stirring. The reaction mixture was kept at room temperature for 1 h and the formed solid product was collected by filtration.

3-[2-(Cyanoacetyl)hydrazinylidene)]- N -(3-cyano-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1-benzothio-phen-2-yl)butanamide (7a) and ethyl 2-\{3-[2-(cyanoacetyl)hydrazinylidene]butan-amido\}-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1-benzothiophen-3-carboxylate (7b) (General Method). To a solution of either compound $\mathbf{2 a}(2.62 \mathrm{~g}, 0.01 \mathrm{~mol})$ or $\mathbf{2 b}(3.09 \mathrm{~g}, 0.01 \mathrm{~mol})$ in 1,4-dioxane $(40 \mathrm{ml})$, cyanoacetylhydrazine $(1.0 \mathrm{~g}, 0.01 \mathrm{~mol})$ was added. The reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 2 h , then concentrated under vacuum. The residue was triturated with ethanol, and the formed solid product was collected by filtration.

2-Amino-1-(3-cyano-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1-benzothiophen-2-yl)-4-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-di-hydropyridine-3-carbonitrile (9a) and ethyl 2-amino-1-(3-cyano-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1-benzothiophen-2-yl)-4-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyridine-3-carboxylate (9b) (General Method). To a solution of compound $2 \mathrm{a}(2.62 \mathrm{~g}, 0.01 \mathrm{~mol}$ ) in 1,4-dioxane ( 40 ml ) containing triethylamine ( 0.50 ml ), either malononitrile $(0.66 \mathrm{~g}, 0.01 \mathrm{~mol})$ or ethyl
cyanoacetate ( $1.13 \mathrm{~g}, 0.01 \mathrm{~mol}$ ) was added. The reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 4 h then poured onto ice/water containing hydrochloric acid ( $18 \mathrm{M}, 0.50 \mathrm{ml}$ ) to reach pH 6 , and the formed solid product was collected by filtration.

Ethyl 2-(6-amino-5-cyano-4-methyl-2-oxopyridin-1(2H)-yl)-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1-benzothiophen-3-carboxylate (9c). To a solution of compound $\mathbf{2 b}$ ( $3.09 \mathrm{~g}, 0.01 \mathrm{~mol}$ ) in 1,4-dioxane ( 40 ml ) containing triethylamine $(0.50 \mathrm{ml})$, malononitrile $(0.66 \mathrm{~g}, 0.01 \mathrm{~mol})$ was added. The reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 6 h then poured onto ice/water containing hydrochloric acid $(0.5 \mathrm{ml})$ and the formed solid product was collected by filtration.

4,4-Dicyano- N -(3-cyano-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1-benzothiophen-2-yl)-3-methylbut-3-enamide (10a) and ethyl 2-cyano-5-(3-cyano-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1-benzothiophen-2-ylamino)-3-methyl-5-oxopent-2-eneoate (10b) (General Method). To a dry solid of compound 2a ( $2.62 \mathrm{~g}, 0.01 \mathrm{~mol}$ ) either malononitrile ( $0.66 \mathrm{~g}, 0.01 \mathrm{~mol}$ ) or ethyl cycanoacetate ( $1.13 \mathrm{~g}, 0.01 \mathrm{~mol}$ ) was added. To the reaction mixture ammonium acetate $(0.50 \mathrm{~g})$ was added. The reaction mixture was heated in an oil bath at $120^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 15 min , then left to cool. The formed solid product was triturated with ethanol, and the formed solid product was collected by filtration.

2-(3-Acetyl-4,6-dimethyl-2-oxopyridin-1(2H)-yl)-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1-benzotiophene-3-carbonitrile (11a) and ethyl 2-(3-acetyl-4,6-dimethyl-2-oxopyridin-1(2H)-yl)-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1-benzothiophene-3-carboxylate (11b) (General Method). To a solution of compound $\mathbf{2 a}(2.62 \mathrm{~g}, 0.01 \mathrm{~mol})$ or $\mathbf{2 b}(3.09 \mathrm{~g}, 0.01 \mathrm{~mol})$ in 1,4-dioxane ( 40 $\mathrm{ml})$, acetylacetone ( $1.0 \mathrm{~g}, 0.01 \mathrm{~mol}$ ) was added. The whole reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 8 h , then concentrated under vacuum. The remaining product was triturated with ethanol, and the formed solid product was collected by filtration.
$N$-(3-Cyano-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1-benzothiophen-2-yl)-2-(4-hydroxy-3-phenylthi-azol-2(3H)-ylidene)-3-oxobutanamide (15), 5 -acetyl- $N$-(3-cyano-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1-benzothiophen-2-yl)-4-methyl-2-(phenylamino)thiophene-3-carboxamide (16a) and ethyl 2-[5-acyl-4-methyl-2-(phenylamino)thiophene-3-carboxamido]-4,5,6,7-tetra-hydro-1-benzothiophene-3-carboxylates 16b-d (General Method). To a solution of compound $2 \mathbf{2 a}(2.62 \mathrm{~g}, 0.01 \mathrm{~mol})$ or $\mathbf{2 b}(3.09 \mathrm{~g}, 0.01 \mathrm{~mol})$ in dimethylformamide ( 30 ml ), potassium hydroxide ( $0.56 \mathrm{~g}, 0.01 \mathrm{~mol}$ ), and then phenylisothiocyanate ( $1.30 \mathrm{~g}, 0.01 \mathrm{~mol}$ ) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. On the next day, the respective $\alpha$-halocarbonyl compound 13a, 13b (with $\mathbf{2 b}$ only), or $\mathbf{1 3 c}(0.01 \mathrm{~mol})$ was added with continuous stirring overnight at room temperature. The reaction mixture was poured into ice/water containing few drops of hydrochloric acid ( $18 \mathrm{M}, 0.50 \mathrm{ml}$ ) to reach the pH 6 . The solid product, formed in each case, was collected by filtration.

Tumor Cell Cultures. The human tumor cells grow as monolayer and were routinely maintained in RPMI-1640 medium supplemented with $5 \%$ heat-inactivated FBS, $2 \mu \mathrm{M}$ glutamine, and antibiotics (penicillin $100 \mathrm{U} / \mathrm{ml}$, streptomycin $100 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{ml}$ ) at $37^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in a humidified atmosphere containing $5 \% \mathrm{CO}_{2}$. Exponentially growing cells were obtained by plating $1.5 \times 10^{5}$ cells $/ \mathrm{ml}$ for MCF-7 and SF-268 and $0.75 \times 10^{4}$ cells $/ \mathrm{ml}$ for NCI-H460, followed by 24 h of incubation. The effect of the vehicle solvent (DMSO) on the growth of these cell lines was evaluated in all the experiments by exposing untreated control cells to the maximum concentration ( $0.5 \%$ ) of DMSO used in each assay.

Normal Cell Cultures. All cell lines were tested regularly for Mycoplasma contamination by the DNA hybridization method using a Gen-Probe kit [33].

Cell Growth Assay. Exponentially growing cells in 96-well plates were exposed for 48 h to five serial concentrations of each compound, starting from a maximum concentration of $150 \mu \mathrm{M}$. Following this exposure period adherent cells were fixed, washed, and stained with sulforhodamine B [33]. The bound stain was solubilized and the absorbance was measured at 492 nm in a plate reader (Bio-Tek Instruments Inc., Powerwave XS, Winooski, USA).

## REFERENCES

1. J. W. Janetka, L. Almeida, S. Ashwell, P. J. Brassil, K. Daly, C. Deng, T. Gero, R. E. Glynn, C. L. Horn, S. Ioannidis, P. Lyne, N. J. Newcombe, V. B. Oza, M. Pass, S. K. Springer, M. Su, D. Toader, M. M. Vasbinder, D. Yu, Y. Yu, S. D. Zabludoff, Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett., 18, 4242 (2008).
2. D.Ye, Y. Zhang, F. Wang, M. Zheng, X. Zhang, X. Luo, X. Shen, H. Jiang, H. Liu, Bioorg. Med. Chem., 18, 1773 (2010).
3. J. Malmström, J. Viklund, C. Slivo, A. Costa, M. Maudet, C. Sandelin, G. Hiller, L. L. Olsson, A. Aagaard, S. Geschwindner, Y. Xue, M. Vasänge, Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett., 22, 5919 (2012).
4. K. A. Emmitte, G. M. Adjebang, C. W. Andrews, J. G. B. Alberti, R. Bambal, S. D. Chamberlain, R. G. Davis-Ward, H. D. Dickson, D. F. Hassler, K. R. Hornberger, J. R. Jackson, K. W. Kuntz, T. J. Lansing, R. A. Mook, Jr., K. E. Nailor, M. A. Pobanz, S. C. Smith, C.-M. Sung, M. Cheung, Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett., 19, 1694 (2009).
5. C.-H. Wu, M. S. Coumar, C.-Y. Chu, W.-H. Lin, Y.-R. Chen, C.-T. Chen, H.-Y. Shiao, S. Rafi, S.-Y. Wang, H. Hsu, C.-H. Chen, C.-Y. Chang, T.-Y. Chang, T.-W. Lien, M.-Y. Fang, K.-C. Yeh, C.-P. Chen, T.-K. Yeh, S.-H. Hsieh, J. T.-A. Hsu, C.-C. Liao, Y.-S. Chao, H.-P. Hsieh, J. Med. Chem., 53, 7316 (2010).
6. L. D. Jennings, S. L. Kincaid, Y. D. Wang, G. Krishnamurthy, C. F. Beyer, J. P. McGinnis, M. Miranda, C. M. Discafani, S. K. Rabindran, Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett., 15, 4731 (2005).
7. R. Romagnoli, P. G. Baraldi, M. K. Jung, M. A. Iaconinoto, M. D. Carrion, V. Remusat, D. Preti, M. A. Tabrizi, F. Francesca, E. D. Clercq, J. Balzarini, E. Hamel, Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett., 15, 4048 (2005).
8. A. Nakhi, R. Adepu, D. Rambabu, R. Kishore, G. R. Vanaja, A. M. Kalle, M. Pal, Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett., 22, 4418 (2012).
9. M. S. Al-Said, M. S. Bashandy, S. I. Al-qasoumi, M. M. Ghorab, Eur. J. Med. Chem., 46, 137 (2011).
10. H. Z. Shams, R. M. Mohareb, M. H. Helal, A. E. Mahmoud, Molecules, 16, 52 (2011).
11. S. V. Gupta, K. Baheti, R. Bora, D. Dekhane, M. Chhabría, M. Shingare, S. Pawar, C. J. Shishoo, S. N. Thore, Eur. J. Med. Chem., 44, 4721 (2009).
12. B. V. Ashalatha, B. Narayana, K. V. Raj, N. S. Kumari, Eur. J. Med. Chem., 42, 719 (2007).
13. E. Campaigne, in Comprehensive Heterocyclic Chemistry, 1984, vol. 4, p. 863.
14. G. Bose, K. Bracht, P. J. Bednarski, M. Lalk, P. Langer, Bioorg Med. Chem., 14, 4694 (2006).
15. H. Behbehani, H. M. Ibrahim, S. Makhseed, M. H. Elnagdi, H. Mahmoud, Eur. J. Med. Chem., 52, 51 (2012).
16. L. D. Jennings, S. L. Kincaid, Y. D. Wang, G. Krishnamurthy, C. F. Beyer, J. P. McGinnis, M. Miranda, C. M. Discafani, S. K. Rabindran, Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett., 15, 4731 (2005).
17. K. Gewald, E. Schinke, H. Böttcher, Chem. Ber., 99, 94 (1966).
18. K. Gewald, Z. Chem., 2, 305 (1962).
19. G. Nikolakopoulos, H. Figler, J. Linden, P. J. Scammells, Bioorg. Med. Chem., 14, 2358 (2006).
20. A. E. E. Amr, M. H. Sherif, M. G. Assy, M. A. Al-Omar, I. Ragab, Eur. J. Med. Chem., 45, 5935 (2010).
21. A. Habashi, N. S. Ibrahim, R. M. Mohareb, S. M. Fahmy, Liebigs Ann. Chem., 1632 (1986).
22. M. A. Gouda, M. A. Berghot, G. E. Abd El-Ghani, A. M. Khalil, Eur. J. Med. Chem., 45, 1338 (2010).
23. A. A. Fadda, E. Abdel-Latif, R. E. El-Mekawy, Eur. J. Med. Chem., 44, 1250 (2009).
24. R. M. Mohareb, S. El-Kousy, A. M. El-Torgoman, Collect. Czech. Chem. Commun., 57, 1747 (1992).
25. R. M. Mohareb, F. El-Omran, Steroids, 77, 1551 (2012).
26. A. M. Khalil, M. A. Berghot, M. A. Gouda, Eur. J. Med. Chem., 44, 4434 (2009).
27. A. Monks, D. Scudiero, P. Skehan, R. Shoemaker, K. Paull, D. Vistica, C. Hose, J. Langley, P. Cronise, A. Vaigro-Wolff, M. Gray-Goodrich, H. Campbell, J. Mayo, J. M. Boyd, J. Natl. Cancer Inst., 83, 757 (1991).
28. R. M. Mohareb, H. E. Moustafa, Acta Pharm., 61, 51 (2011).
29. R. M. Mohareb, J. Schatz, Bioorg. Med. Chem., 19, 2707 (2011).
30. J. Benites, J. A. Valderrama, F. Rivera, L. Rojo, N. Campos, M. Pedro, M. S. J. Nascimento, Bioorg. Med. Chem., 16, 862 (2008).
31. N. A. Monteiro-Riviere, A. O. Inman, L. W. Zhang, Toxicol. Appl. Pharm., 234, 222 (2009).
32. P. Skehan, R. Storeng, D. Scudiero, A. Monks, J. McMahon, D. Vistica, J. T. Warren, H. Bokesch, S. Kenny, M. R. Boyd, J. Natl. Cancer Inst., 82, 1107 (1990).
33. J. M. Woynarowski, C. Napier, S. K. Koester, S. F. Chen, D. A.Troyer, W. Chapman, J. R. MacDonald, Biochem. Pharmacol., 54, 1181 (1997).
${ }^{1}$ Department of Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry, Received 23.07.2012
Faculty of Pharmacy, Cairo University,
Kasr El-Aini, Cairo 11562, Egypt
e-mail: mona_mounir50@hotmail.com
${ }^{2}$ Department of Organic Chemistry, Faculty of Pharmacy, October University for Modern sciences \& Arts (MSA), El-Wahaat Road, Giza, Egypt
e-mail: yara.sihaya@googlemail.com

[^0]:    * Recrystallization solvents: ethanol (compounds 2a,b, 3a,b, 4, 6a-f, 7a,b, 11a,b, 15, and 16a-d) and 1,4-dioxane (compounds 9a-c and 10a,b).

